

## Lesson: Why are there so many different kinds of flowers?

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<b>attract</b>	to pull toward
<b>cycle</b>	a set of events that repeats in the same order over and over
<b>flower</b>	the reproductive part of some plants that can make seeds
<b>fruit</b>	the part of a plant that contains seeds inside a covering, like tomatoes
<b>life cycle</b>	the stages of life, including birth, growth, reproduction, and death
<b>life stage</b>	one of the steps of the life cycle
<b>nectar</b>	a sugary liquid that plants make
<b>offspring</b>	babies
<b>pattern</b>	something that happens again and again and again in a way that can be predicted
<b>pollen</b>	a powder plants make that is involved in plant reproduction
<b>pollination</b>	the process of moving pollen from one part of a flower (the stamen) to another part of a flower (the stigma)
<b>pollinator</b>	a living thing that moves pollen from one part of a flower (the stamen) to another part of a flower (the stigma)
<b>reproduction</b>	a stage in the life cycle of living things when they have offspring
<b>seed</b>	a part of a plant that can grow into a baby plant
<b>seedling</b>	a young plant that grows from a seed